

## Temperature Transmitter General Instructions

#### General

These instructions provide information for installation, RTD connection, electrical connection and field calibration of SOR Series 534MT Temperature Transmitters. The 534MT Temperature Transmitter housing features external adjustments hermetically sealed, stainless steel construction.

The 534MT is capable of powering long cable lengths. See Figures 2 & 5 for Loop Resistance vs. Power Supply Voltage.

**NOTE:** This instrument is non-repairable. If you suspect that it is defective, contact the factory or the SOR representaive in your area for a return authorization number.

#### Installation

Ensure that wiring conforms to all applicable local and national electrical codes and install unit(s) according to relevant national and local safety codes.

Normally, line mounting provides adequate support for the instrument. When the installation is complete, the external adjustments must be accessible. (See Figures 3 and 5.)

#### Process Connection - Direct Mount RTD

The temperature sensing probe is 300 series stainless steel. If the process is compatible, the probe may be directly inserted into the process without use of a thermowell. A thermowell increases response time (lag). A thermowell filled with thermal transfer media reduces lag. The electrical connection may be rigid or flexible conduit.

#### RTD Termination - Remote Mount RTD

Three 18" color coded flying leads (24 ga.) are provided for connection to a terminal strip within a cabinet or a splice within an outlet box (remote model only).

Two black leads ...... Common point at RTD One white lead ...... Single point at RTD

The unit is designed for 3-wire RTD, Temperature Coefficient of Resistance .00385.

#### Making the Electrical Connection

The electrical connection may be installed on an adequately supported rigid conduit system.

To ensure EMI/RFI filter operation, both the shield wire and the transmitter housing need to be connected to a known earth ground. Terminate the shield wire to an earth ground at the control panel. The housing earth ground can be accomplished through use of the external ground lug or mounting of the control to either process piping or conduit that is physically grounded.

**WARNING:** Units in Hazardous Locations — Prior to calibration, make sure that the work area is declassified before removing the explosion proof cover to calibrate the unit. Failure to do so could result in severe personal injury or substantial property damage.

#### **Specifications**

Design and specifications are subject to change without notice.

Accuracy (L, H & R)       ±0.3% URL         Temperature effects       -20 to 120°F(-29 to 49°C)         Compensated range       -40 to 160°F(-40 to 71°C)         Storage       -40 to 212°F(-40 to 100°C)         Zero shift per 100°F @ -20 to 160°F       ±0.5% span         Span shift per 100°F @ -20 to 160°F       ±0.5% span         External adjustability
Span turndown ratio 5:1
Žero
Supply voltageloop powered 9 to 30 VDC
Max. load resistance
Housing construction
Electrical connection
Size
Termination24 AWG wire leads, 18 inch long
RTD connection (remote)
Size
Termination24 AWG wire leads, 18 inch long
RTD connection (direct)
Process connection
Insertion length (STD) 6 inch
Circuit protection Reverse Polarity, EMI/RFI
Shipping weight

#### **Electrical Termination 534MT - TN**

Three 18" flying leads are provided for connection to a terminal strip within a cabinet or a splice within an outlet box:

Red (+)
Black (-) Loop Voltage: 5 to 30 VDC; Output: 4 to 20 mA

**Bare** (case ground) should be connected to earth ground to ensure EMI/RFI protection.

#### Calibration

Two calibration screws (zero and span) are located underneath the adjustment cover. (See Figure 3.) Loosen the cover screws slightly (do not remove) and rotate the cover to reveal the adjustment screws.

Numbers on the enclosure identify the adjustment screws: 1, 2 and 3.

Adjustment #1: Zero Adjustment #2: Not used Adjustment #3: Span

Unless specified otherwise, the 534MT-TN Transmitter is factory calibrated to 4 mA at the low end of the range and 20 mA at the upper limit of the adjustable range as specified on the nameplate.

#### Calibration Procedure (Remote RTD only)

The zero and span calibration procedure should be performed under ambient process temperature conditions.

A calibrated RTD simulator, a milliammeter and a DC voltage supply are required. Note the adjustable range on the instrument nameplate. For both zero and span adjustments, turn the adjustment screw clockwise to increase, counterclockwise to decrease.

- Connect the transmitter as shown in Figure 1.
   Case ground must be connected to earth ground to ensure EMI/RFI protection.
- Set the RTD simulator to the desired zero level. 80% of span must be available when Zero is adjusted. Zero may be adjusted up to 20% of the upper range limit.
- Adjust zero (#1) for a 4 mA indication on the milliammeter.
- 4. Set the RTD simulator to the temperature at which 20 mA output is desired. Span may be adjusted from 20 to 100% of the upper range limit specified on nameplate. (Maximum turn down is 5:1.)
- 5. Adjust span (adjustment #2) for a 20 mA indication on the milliammeter.
- 6. Repeat Steps 2 through 5 as needed if offsetting 4mA from the normal zero point. If interaction occurs, turn zero and span 15 turns counterclockwise. Repeat Steps 2 - 5 above.

#### Calibration Procedure (Direct Mount RTD)

Calibrate in same manner as RemoteMount, except use a circulated bath or dry well calibrator in place of the RTD simulator.

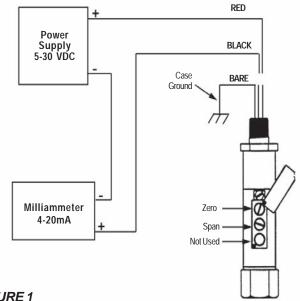


FIGURE 1

Loop Resistance vs. Power Supply Voltage

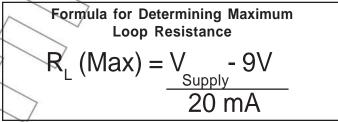


FIGURE 2

#### **Dimensions**

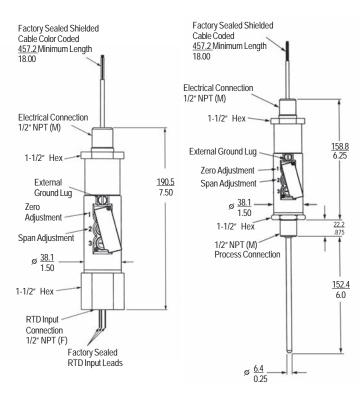


FIGURE 3

#### **Electrical Termination 534MT-VN**

Three screw terminals and center ground are provided for electrical connection, labeled as follows:

+	10 - 30 VDC + power connection
-	Power supply ground
1-5V	Output
GND	(case ground) should be connected to
	earth ground

#### Calibration

Two calibration screws (zero and span) are located underneath the adjustment cover. (See Figure 5.) Loosen the cover screws slightly (do not remove) and rotate the cover to reveal the adjustment screws.

Numbers on the enclosure identify the adjustment screws: 1, 2 and 3.

Adjustment #1: Zero Adjustment #2: Span Adjustment #3: Not used

Unless specified otherwise, the 534MT-VN Transmitter is factory calibrated to 1 VDC at the low end of the range and 5 VDC at the upper limit of the adjustable range as specified on the nameplate.

#### Calibration Procedure (Remote RTD only)

The zero and span calibration procedure should be performed under ambient temperature conditions.

A calibrated RTD simulator, a voltmeter and a DC voltage supply are required. Note the adjustable range on the instrument nameplate. For both zero and span adjustments, turn the adjustment screw clockwise to increase, counterclockwise to decrease.

- 1. Connect the transmitter as shown in Figure 4. Case ground must be connected to earth ground.
- 2. Set the RTD simulator to the desired zero level. 80% of Span must be available when Zero is adjusted. Zero may be adjusted up to 20% of the upper range limit.
- 3. Adjust zero (adjustment #1) for a 1 VDC indication on the voltmeter.
- 4. Set the RTD simulator to the temperature at which 5 VDC (full scale) output is desired. Span may be adjusted from 20 to 100% of the upper range limit. (Maximum turn down is 5:1.)
- 5. Adjust span (adjustment #2) for a 5 VDC indication on the voltmeter.
- 6. Repeat Steps 2 through 5 as needed if offsetting 1 VDC from the normal zero point. If interaction occurs, turn zero and span 15 turns counterclockwise. Repeat Steps 2 through 5 above.

#### Calibration Procedure (Direct Mount RTD)

Calibrate in same manner as RemoteMount, except use a circulated bath or dry well calibrator in place of the RTD simulator.

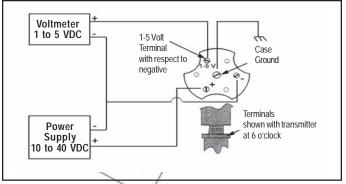


FIGURE 4

# **Dimensions**

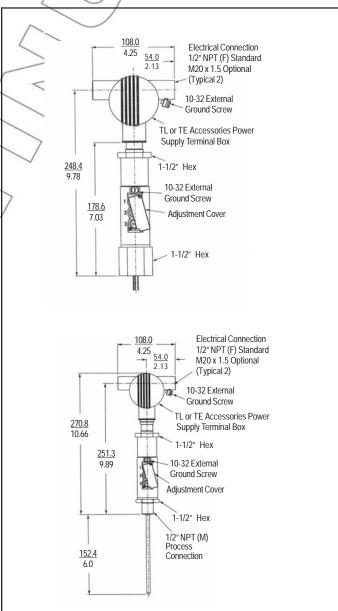


FIGURE 5

## **Agency Listings**

Terminal Box FM Approved CSA Certified

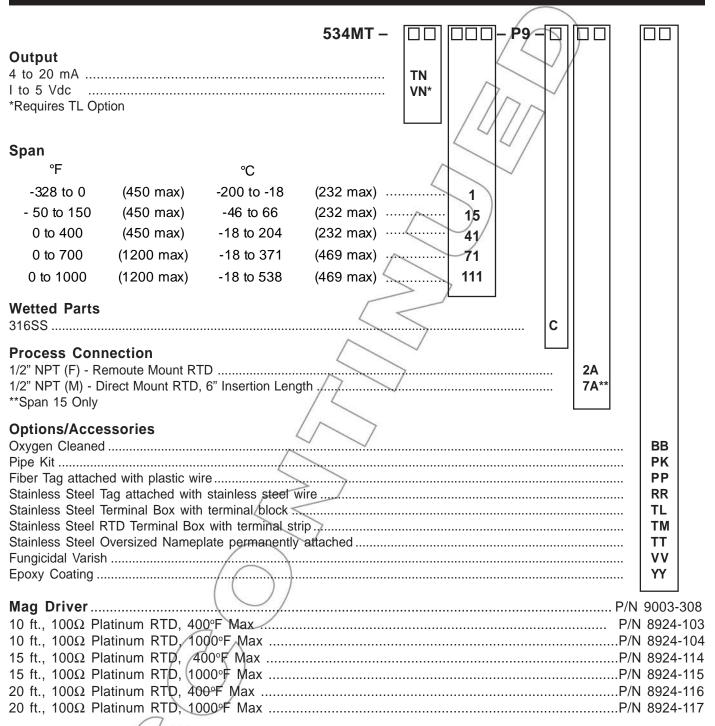




Explosion Proof Class I, Groups A, B, C, D Class II, Groups E, F, G Class III; Div. 1 & 2

Weathertight; NEMA 4X

#### **Model Number**



**NOTE:** RTD leads are teflor insulated, PVC-coated flexible stainless steel armor, with 1/2" NPT(M) cable gland fitting. 12" insertion length, 1/4" o.d., 316SS sheathed sensor with 1/2" NPT(M) brass compression fitting. 0.00385 temperature Coefficient of Resistance

## **Certificate of Conformity**

#### SOR INC.

14685 West 105th Street Lenexa, Kansas 66215-5964

Phone 913-888-2630 Toll Free 800-676-6794 Fax 913-888-4837

www.sorinc.com

## DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

We the Manufacturer: SOR Inc.

14685 West 105th Street Lenexa, KS 66215

Declare under our sole responsibility that the product:

Type of Equipment:

Mini Hermet Temperature Transmitter

Product Number(s):

534MT

To which this declaration relates is in conformity with the following directive, standards, or other normative documents:

EMC Directive 89/336/EEC

EN 61326: 1997/A1: 1998 Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control and Laboratory Use

IEC 1000-4-2 Electrostatic Discharge Immunity Test

IEC 1000-4-3 Radiated Field Immunity Test

IEC 1000-4-4 Fast Transient/Burst Test

IEC 1000-4-5 Surge Immunity Test

IEC 1000-4-6 Immunity Test

IEC 1000-4-8 Power Frequency Magnetic Field

This product meets all of the above requirements with the following exceptions:

- 1. Radiated Test: Deviations of less than 1.0% were noted for the 230-270 MHz frequency range.
- 2. Fast Transient Test: Deviations of an unspecified magnitude were noted, but the product returned to normal operation after the transient passed.

Colbert Zurney

Colbert Turney, Vice President of Quality

Mark Bartrum, Vice President of Engineering

Peter Waters, SOR European Managing Director





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www.sorinc.com

Registered Quality System to ISO 9001

Level Pressure Flow

**Process Instrumentation** 

Temperature